### **Henry Cecil Franks MC**

Henry Cecil Franks was born on the 1st October 1897.

He was educated at Manchester Grammar School, and in 1911 he was aged 13 and living at 1 Gardner Road, Prestwich, with his parents Henry John Franks (55, a law clerk) and Clara Franks (55), and his three elder sisters Amie Beatrice (30, an elementary school teacher), Constance Maud (27, also an elementary school teacher) and Ethel Elizabeth Franks (23, a music teacher).

His military service record is at the National Archives, Kew, Ref WO 374/25562 where the following is taken from:

12.06.1915 - Enrolled in 20 Royal Fusiliers (3rd Public Schools) as a Private. Next of Kin: Mother, Clara Franks, Hazlewood, Gardner Road, Prestwich.

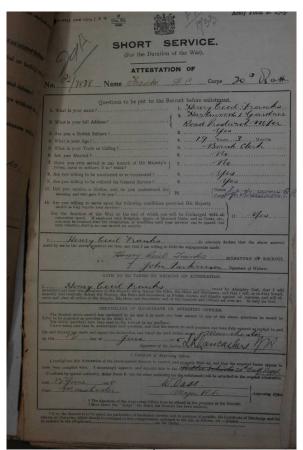
Can Ride: Yes

Medical Category: C1

Former Occupation: Bank Clerk, and also a theology student prior to war. Age: 19 years, 3 months (*Note he was actually only 17 and therefore underage*)

Height: 5ft 7 ¼ inches Girth: 34 inches

Distinctive marks: Mole, left side of chin



Application form for 20<sup>th</sup> Bn Royal Fusiliers, 12 June 1915

### 14.11.1915 - Embarked to France, Part of 19th Brigade, 33rd Division.

The 20 Royal Fusiliers was part of the 33rd Division which fought in the Battle of Albert, 1-13 July 1916, the battle of Bazentin Ridge 14-17 July 1916, and the attack on High Wood, 20-25 July 1916 which were all offensives in the battle of the Somme. The opening day of the battle on 1 July 1916 saw the British Army suffer the worst one-day combat losses in its history, with nearly 60,000 casualties.

### **Extract from the War diary of the 20th Royal Fusiliers:**

Place	Date	Summary of Events and Information
HIGH	20.7.1916	19th Brigade attacks at 3.25am on HIGH WOOD. Attack by 1st
WOOD		Cameronians and 5th Scottish Rifles. 20th Royal Fusiliers in
		support. 2nd Royal Welsh Fusiliers in reserve. North corner &
		North west corner of wood not taken. Rest taken and consolidated.
		2nd Royal Welsh Fusiliers came up about 12 noon. A front &
		support line consolidated across wood from East to West.
		Held on to position until relieved by 100th brigade at midnight then
		withdrew to old bivouacking ground at Mametz wood.
		Casualties, Lt Col Bennett - wounded.
		Killed: Lt Rawson, Lt Palmer, 2nd Lt Price, 2nd Lt Coventry
		Missing believed killed: Capt Toller, Lt Wallworth, Lt Evans
		Wounded: Capt Hollingworth, 2nd Lt Bell, 2nd Lt Cooke, 2nd t
		Brooke, 2nd Lt Fabricius, 2nd Lt Ives, 2nd Lt Herbert
		Other Ranks killed, wounded or missing: 375
MAMETZ	21.7.1916	4pm - Withdrew to Buire sur L'Anire
WOOD		
BUIRE	22nd to	Reinforcements received 2 officers and 701 other ranks.
sur	31 <sup>st</sup> July	Reorganising & Training.
L'ANIRE	1916	



Memorial cross next to High Wood in memory of the men of the 20<sup>th</sup> Batt Royal Fusiliers (The Public School Battalion) who were killed on July 20<sup>th</sup> 1916. (Photographed in 2016)

26.07.1916 - Appointed Lt Corporal

26.09.1916 to 5.10.1916 - Leave to England

23.03.1917 - Transferred to England.

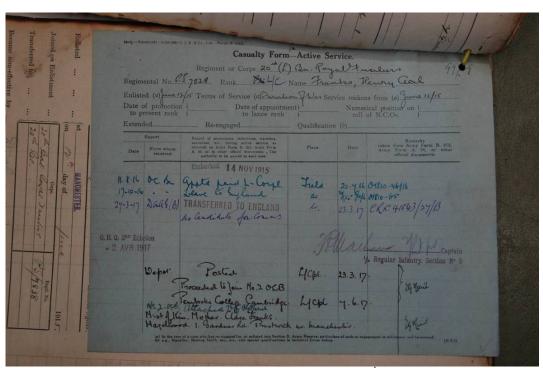
07.06.1917 - Proceed to join No 2 OCB (Officer Cadet Battalion), Pembroke College, Cambridge.

25.09.1917 - Discharged from Royal Fusiliers as received a commission as 2nd Lieutenant in the Lancashire Fusiliers.

Military History Summary on discharge from Royal Fusiliers:

France: 12.06.1915 - 13.11.1915 BE Force: 14.11.1915 - 23.03.1917 Home: 24.03.1917 - 25.09.1917

Medals: 1914-15 Star, BW&V Medal



Casualty Form – Active Service of Henry Cecil Franks in 20<sup>th</sup> Bn. Royal Fusiliers

16.10.1917 - London Gazette - appointed Second Lieutenant, Lancashire Fusiliers.

The 18th Lancashire Fusiliers were part of the 35th Division which fought in the Second Battle of Passchendaele, 26 October - 10 November 1917, which was part of the overall battle of Ypres 1917 (Third Ypres).

Rank 2nd Stett Surname	Casualty Form Active Service.  iment or Corps. 18th (S) BN. LANCASHIRE FUSILIERS	Number
Religion T	Age on Enlistment	rsmontns 1 (a)
Occupation Salad. k. ).  Report  Date From whom received	Brt. AGS Sist MARC Affill M. D.	
gt 1888	Embarked M. L. Disembarked July 15 July 15	217 13213
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	To England for 5.	
	ged for, or enlisted luto Section D, Army Reserve, particulars of such restruggement or ex	

Casualty Form – Active Service of Henry Cecil Franks in 18th Bn. Lancashire Fusiliers

10.12-17 - Embarked to France

15.12-17 – Joined Battalion in the Field

16.02.18 - SW Knee L (Severe wound in the left knee), moved to 107FA and 4GCS.

17.02.18 – Moved to 20<sup>th</sup> General Hospital

05.03-18 – To England

The 18th Lancashire Fusiliers were involved in a raid on the 15th February against a concrete enemy post at Turenne Crossing on the outskirts of Houthulst Forest. They formed up astride the Aden House to Turenne Crossing road. Zero was 8.30pm. They got through strong enemy wire with the help of a Bangalore torpedo and killed at least 2 and captured 11 of the garrison. The pill-box attacked is described as lying in the angle formed by the road and the railway. There are 2 shown on maps that might be the objective V1.d.10.23 & V1.d.60.70 The casualties suffered were 1 OR missing and 1 Officer (2nd Lieutenant H. C. Franks) and 12 OR's wounded.

War diary Account of raid:

Place	Date	Summary of Events and Information
EGYPT	12-2-18	The Battalion relieved the DLI in front line. One OR killed in action.
HOUSE		
PASCAL	13-2-18	Front adjusted to a two Coy front. Quiet.
FARM		
"	14-2-18	W Coy relieved Z Coy and X Coy relieved Y Coy. Quiet.
"	15-2-18	Three officers and fifty OR raided enemy post at TURENNE
		Crossing under the command of 2 Lieut Franks and Pt Lerleith.
		Covering party of 10 OR. Result 11 prisoners including one officer.
		One OR missing. 2 Lieut Franks and 12 OR wounded. 15 OR

proceeded on leave to UK.

OR – Other Ranks (i.e. not officers)

Coy - Company

15.02.1918 - Severely wounded in action, near Ypres.

As a result of the raid he received the Military Cross and the citation in the London Gazette, dated 22nd April 1918, pg 4825, is as follows:

### T./2nd Lt. Henry Cecil Franks, Lanc. Fus.

For conspicuous gallantry and devotion to duty. During a raid on the enemy posts, although wounded in the knee shortly after leaving the assembly point, he went forward, displaying a fine soldierly spirit, and inspiring his men with confidence. Exposed to heavy shell and machine-gun fire, he showed an entire disregard for his own safety throughout the operation, and remained behind until the entire party had returned.

# Map showing location of raid on Turenne Crossing from Aden House on 15<sup>th</sup> Feb 1915



## Locations in 2010:



Looking towards Turenne Crossing from Aden House – Raid start point.



Looking from Turenne Crossing towards Aden House.

The angle formed between the road and the old railway line is described as the location of the German machine gun pill box and the objective of the raid.



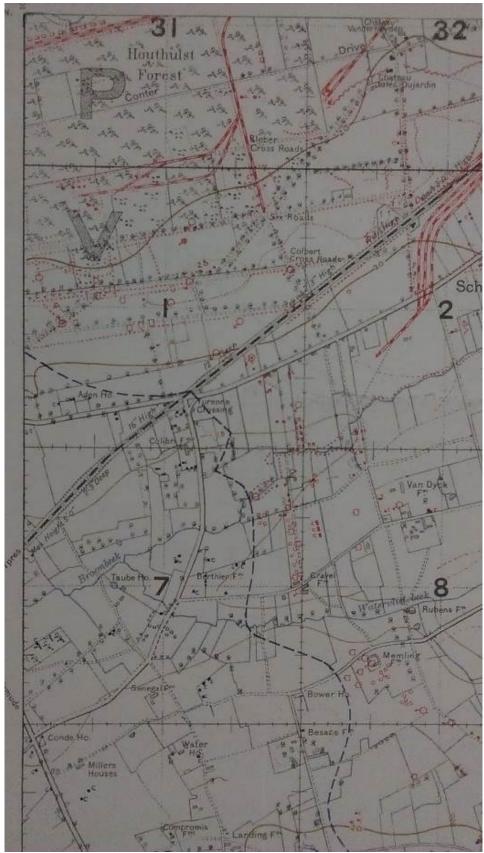
Looking North from the Aden House – Turenne Crossing road towards Houthulst wood which the 18 Bn Lancashire Fusiliers attacked on 22<sup>nd</sup> October 1917 as part of the battle of Pascendale (3<sup>rd</sup> Ypres).

The following is the account from the War diary: 22.10.17

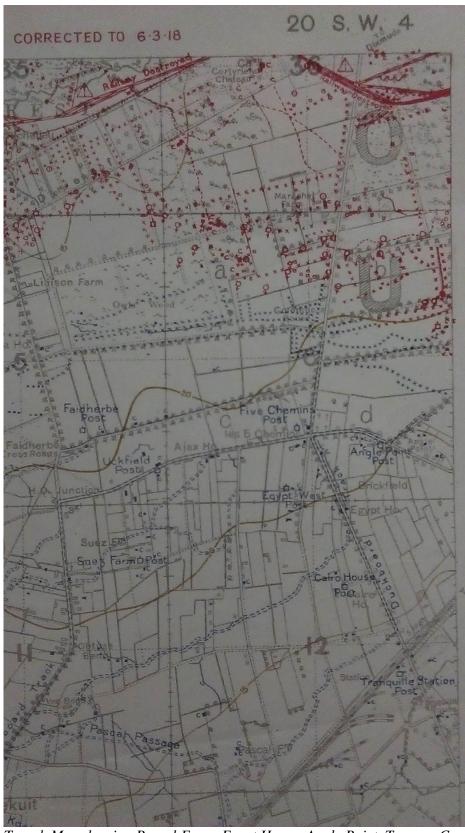
"The battalion formed up immediately south of ANGLE POINT , south of Houthulst Wood at 2.30am in close support to the  $23^{rd}$  Manchester regiment on right,  $17^{th}$  Lancashire Fusiliers on left. Battalion advanced headquarters was at EGYPT HOUSE. Formation: X coy on right, Y coy on left of front line. W in support to X coy, Z in support to Y coy. The attack was delivered in four waves.

At zero hour, 5.30am, The Battalion moved off keeping close to our barrage which was found too slow (8 minutes for 100 yards) and in consequence we suffered several casualties. In addition the barrage was very ragged, one shot in four falling short; this was probably due to the bad gun platforms. Lt PRITCETT and BOWERS were conspicuous in their efforts to keep their men back.

Shortly after the attack started the Manchester regiment suffered very heavy casualties and were held up. Our line continued to advance but owing to its right flank being unprotected began to suffer heavy casualties. At about 6.15am Captain M. R. Wood MC who was in command of the two leading companies realised that he had worked too far over to the left, so moved his own coy (x) back a short way and then over to the right in order to gain touch with the Manchester regiment and also to attack the wood from the south. He failed to gain touch with the Manchester regiment but moved forward to attack the wood under very heavy machine gun and rifle fire from his front and right flank. On approaching the wood Lt TORRANCE saw an active machine gun in front of him. He sent his men round each flank and charged the gun himself capturing the gun and team. X coy entered the wood but having their right flank unprotected and being almost surrounded by the enemy were compelled to withdraw to the outskirts."



Trench Map showing Turenne Crossing. Ref National Archives WO 297/639



Trench Map showing Pascal Farm, Egypt House, Angle Point. Turenne Crossing is just off the map on the right where the road and railway cross as per above map. Ref National Archives WO 297/622



Pascal Farm



Egypt House



Menin Gate, Ypres

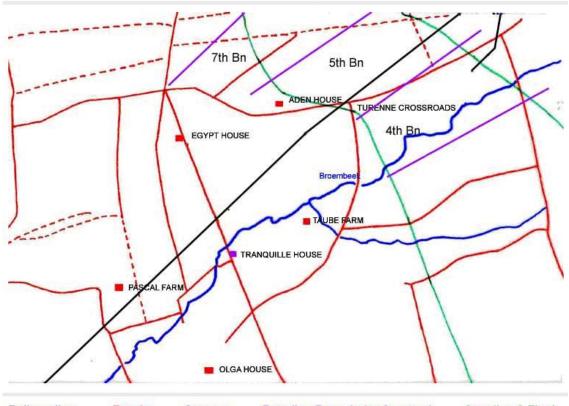


Inside the Menin Gate.



White cliffs of Dover.

Map 1 - 149th Brigade positions 25 Oct 1917



Railway line ....... Roads ........ Streams ....... Battalion Boundaries for attack ....... Start line & Final Objective

05.03.1918 - Hospital, Liverpool

Following is a transcript of a handwritten letter:

### Savoy Convalescent Hospital, Blackpool.

To the Secretary, War Office, London from

2nd Lieut H.C. Franks

18 Bn Lancs Fusiliers.

Sir,

I beg to make application for a wound gratuity, in respect of severe wound received in action on February 11th 1918, near Ypres and with which I am still incapacitated.

I have the honor to be

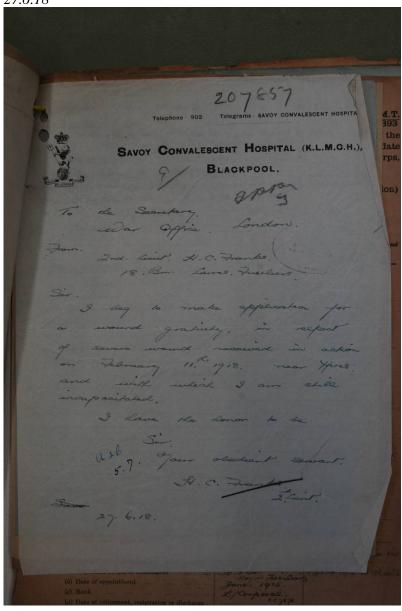
sir

your obedient servant

H.C. Franks

2nd Lieut

27.6.18



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He was discharged from the army on 11th June 1919.

Regimental No 20th Royal Fusiliers: 7838

Regimental No 18th Lancashire Fusiliers: PS 7873

While in hospital he met Dorothy Ogden who was a nurse and they married in 1923.



He became a vicar and his parishes included Atherton in Lancashire, Bellingham in Lewisham, Redlynch just north of the New Forest, and Osmington in Dorset.

FRANKS, Henry Cecil.—Coll. of Resurr. Mirfield, 1919. M.C. 1918. d 1923, p 1924 Man. C. of Ringley 1923-24; St. Paul, Preston, 1924-28; Atherton 1928-33; St. John, Southend, Lewisham (in c. of Bellingham), 1933-40; V. of St. Dunstan, Bellingham, 1940-46; Redlynch, Wilts. 1946-52; C-in-c. of Morgan's Vale 1950-52; V. of Osmington w Poxwell, Dio. Sarum, from 1952. Osmington Vicarage, Weymouth, Dorset. (Tel. Preston 2202.)

Crockfords Clerical Register, 1953-54



Picture of Mary Bridge (nee Ogden), her sister Dorothy Franks (nee Ogden), and Dorothy's husband. Cecil Franks.



Osmington Parish Church, Dorset

He died on the 15<sup>th</sup> February 1955 aged 57 in a car accident.

His grave is at Osmington Parish Church.

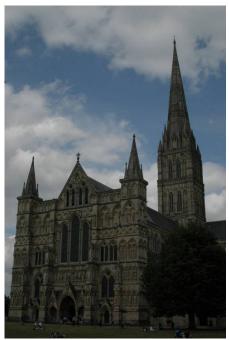


The epitaph reads:
IN EVER LOVING MEMORY
THE REVEREND
HENRY CECIL FRANKS MC
VICAR OF THIS PARISH
AND RECTOR OF POXWELL
BORN 1<sup>ST</sup> OCTOBER 1897
DIED 1<sup>ST</sup> FEBRUARY 1955
UNDERNEATH ARE THE EVERLASTING ARMS
ALSO DOROTHY
BELOVED WIFE OF THE ABOVE
BORN 16<sup>TH</sup> DECMBER 1892
DIED 25<sup>TH</sup> AUGUST 1980



Inside Osmington Church. The brass plaque on the pulpit reads: RESTORED IN OCTOBER 1981 IN MEMORY OF THE REV. & MRS H.C.FRANKS





Lichfield cathedral, a popular Christmas card from Dorothy Franks



The coast from Osmington Mills



#### References

Military service record: Ref WO 374/25562, National Archives, Kew

Military Cross Web Ref:

http://www.london-gazette.co.uk/issues/30643/supplements/4825

Battle of Somme:

http://www.1914-1918.net/bat15.htm

War diaries at documents online national archives

WO 95/2484

WO 95/2423

1911 Census

20th (Service) Battalion (3rd Public Schools)

Formed at Epsom on 11 September 1914 by the Public Schools and University Mens Force.

26 June 1915: attached to 98th Brigade, 33rd Division.

Landed in France in November 1915.

27 November 1915: transferred to 19th Brigade, 33rd Division.

16 February 1918: disbanded in France.

18th (Service) Battalion (2nd South East Lancashire)

Formed in Bury on 13 January 1915 by Lieut-Col. G. E. Wike and a Committee as a Bantam Battalion. Moved on 8 April 1915 to Garswood Park (Ashton in Makerfield) and in June 1915 to Masham.

21 June 1915: attached to 104th Brigade, 35th Division.

**Author:** William Bridge, August 2010